

Hua Miao – English Glossary

Volume 06

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၂. gi

Tone 1

	၂ ^၁ တ ^၆	gi de	Bugle. Trumpet. [NA တ ^၅]
	တ ^၁ ၂ ^၁ တ ^၆	co gi de	To blow a bugle or trumpet
	၂ ^၁ တ ^၇	gi dyu	Buffalo horn, often used as a container for wine
	၂ ^၁ တ ^၇ ၂ ^၁ တ ^၆	gi dyu gi de	Horn that is blown, Bugle
5	၂ ^၁ ခ ^၇	gi gai	To squeak, as cart wheels
	၂ ^၁ လ ^၇ ခ ^၇	gi li gai	To squeak, as cart wheels
	၂ ^၁ ဃ ^၇	gi hle	Sound emitted as a person dies. Death rattle
	ယ ^၇ ၂ ^၁ ဓ ^၇	a gi sa	Impaired speech due to a disease in the throat
	၂ ^၁ လ ^၇ ဃ ^၇	ki yo hlao	Iron ladle
10	၂ ^၁ ဃ ^၆	gi dla	Cloth. Clothing. [NA ဃ ^၆] [Also pronounced ခ ^၇ ဃ ^၆]
	ယ ^၇ ၂ ^၁ ဃ ^၆	hnang gi dla	To wear clothing
	ခ ^၇ ၂ ^၁ ဃ ^၆	rie gi dla	To dry clothes in the sun
	၂ ^၁ ခ ^၇	gi nbeu	Male cousin
	ယ ^၇ ဃ ^၇ တ ^၇ ဃ ^၇ ၂ ^၁	nao hli di hli gi	Bird with no resting place. "Bird of passage." OM

Tone 2

15	ခ ^၇ ခ ^၇	gi nba	Vegetable marrow. [NA လ ^၇]
	ခ ^၇ ဃ ^၇	gi dli	Cucumber [NA လ ^၇]
	ခ ^၇ တ ^၇	gi dao	Gourd [NA လ ^၇]
	ခ ^၇ ခ ^၇	gi jieu	Plum [NA လ ^၇]
	ခ ^၇ ဃ ^၇	gi dla	Peach [NA လ ^၇]
20	ခ ^၇ တ ^၇	gi tri	Wild plum tree [NA တ ^၇]
	ခ ^၇ တ ^၇	gi cu	Mulberry tree [NA တ ^၇] OM
	ခ ^၇ တ ^၇	gi ci	Tree from which dye is extracted, possibly sumach or rhus [NA တ ^၇]
	ခ ^၇ ခ ^၇ ဃ ^၇	gi zhe dli	Piles of stone brought down by a river in flood
	ခ ^၇ ဃ ^၇	gi dlang	Spirit worship OM. equivalent to the ခ ^၇ ခ ^၇
25	ခ ^၇ ခ ^၇	gi bang	Spirit worship OM. equivalent to the ခ ^၇ ဃ ^၇

	$\text{ㄅ}^{\text{n}2} \text{ㄘ}^{\text{n}4}$	gi niao	Title common in songs meaning "Master". Applied to a rich or influential person. OM. See also $\text{ㄘ}^{\text{n}6} \text{ㄅ}^{\text{n}2} \text{ㄘ}^{\text{n}4}$ and $\text{ㄘ}^{\text{t}2} \text{ㄅ}^{\text{n}2} \text{ㄘ}^{\text{n}4}$
	$\text{ㄘ}^{\text{n}6} \text{ㄅ}^{\text{n}2} \text{ㄘ}^{\text{n}4}$	ni gi niao	Title common in songs meaning "Master". Applied to a rich or influential person. OM. See also $\text{ㄅ}^{\text{n}2} \text{ㄘ}^{\text{n}4}$ and $\text{ㄘ}^{\text{t}2} \text{ㄅ}^{\text{n}2} \text{ㄘ}^{\text{n}4}$
	$\text{ㄘ}^{\text{t}2} \text{ㄅ}^{\text{n}2} \text{ㄘ}^{\text{n}4}$	nzyu gi niao	Title common in songs meaning "Master". Applied to a rich or influential person. OM. See also $\text{ㄅ}^{\text{n}2} \text{ㄘ}^{\text{n}4}$ and $\text{ㄘ}^{\text{n}6} \text{ㄅ}^{\text{n}2} \text{ㄘ}^{\text{n}4}$
	$\text{ㄅ}^{\text{n}2} \text{ㄤ}^{\text{o}5}$	gi dlo	Fried in fat
30	$\text{ㄗ}^{\text{t}2} \text{ㄅ}^{\text{n}2} \text{ㄗ}^{\text{t}2}$	zai gi bw	Spotted, of animals OM
	$\text{ㄤ}^{\text{n}1} \text{ㄗ}^{\text{t}2} \text{ㄅ}^{\text{n}2} \text{ㄗ}^{\text{t}2}$	dli byu gi zai	Spotty dog OM
	$\text{ㄅ}^{\text{n}2} \text{ㄗ}^{\text{t}2} \text{ㄘ}^{\text{u}2} \text{ㄅ}^{\text{n}2} \text{ㄗ}^{\text{t}2}$	gi zu nu gi zu chu	Kith and kin OM
	$\text{ㄘ}^{\text{t}1} \text{ㄅ}^{\text{n}2} \text{ㄗ}^{\text{n}4}$	ndeui gi rie	Agreement. Contract OM
	$\text{ㄅ}^{\text{n}2} \text{ㄘ}^{\text{t}2}$	gi nzyu	Great. Greatly. Strongly OM
35	$\text{ㄘ}^{\text{n}6} \text{ㄅ}^{\text{n}2} \text{ㄗ}^{\text{o}4} \text{ㄘ}^{\text{n}7}$	ji gi mo ndra	Thus it is ended. Conventional ending to many songs or speeches. This first form is common. The second form $\text{ㄘ}^{\text{n}6} \text{ㄅ}^{\text{n}2} \text{ㄗ}^{\text{o}4} \text{ㄘ}^{\text{n}7}$ and third $\text{ㄘ}^{\text{n}6} \text{ㄅ}^{\text{n}2} \text{ㄗ}^{\text{o}4} \text{ㄘ}^{\text{n}4}$ form are rare. In antiphonal songs between men and women, the first form marks the end of the womens' song and the second the end of the mens' song.
	$\text{ㄘ}^{\text{n}6} \text{ㄅ}^{\text{n}2} \text{ㄗ}^{\text{o}4} \text{ㄘ}^{\text{n}7}$	ji gi mo ndlie	Thus it is ended. Conventional ending to many songs or speeches. The first form $\text{ㄘ}^{\text{n}6} \text{ㄅ}^{\text{n}2} \text{ㄗ}^{\text{o}4} \text{ㄘ}^{\text{n}7}$ is common. This second form and the third $\text{ㄘ}^{\text{n}6} \text{ㄅ}^{\text{n}2} \text{ㄗ}^{\text{o}4} \text{ㄘ}^{\text{n}4}$ form are rare. In antiphonal songs between men and women, the first form marks the end of the womens' song and the second the end of the mens' song.

	$\square_{\cdot n}^6 \square^{n2} \supset^{\circ 4} \square^{\circ 4}$	i gi mo njio	Thus it is ended. Conventional ending to many songs or speeches. The first form $\square_{\cdot n}^6 \square^{n2} \supset^{\circ 6} \square_{\cdot}^7$ is common. The second form $\square_{\cdot n}^6 \square^{n2} \supset^{\circ 4} \square_{nc}^7$ and this third form are rare. In antiphonal songs between men and women, the first form marks the end of the womens' song and the second the end of the mens' song.
	$\square^{n2} \square^{\tau 4}$	gi nda	Glowing red, as hot iron or fruit blossom
	$\square^{\circ 2} \square^{n2} \gamma^{-4} \square^{\tau 4}$	ngo gi a njia	To have nothing to eat. OM
Tone 4			
40	$\square^{n4} \square^{\tau 4}$	gi nchi	Quickly
	$\square_{\cdot}^{\circ 4} \square^{n4} \square_{\cdot}^{\circ 2}$	bo gi nie	Mother OM
	$\square_{\cdot}^{\circ 4} \square^{n4} \supset_{\cdot}^{-5}$	bo gi ma	Mother OM
	$\Lambda_{\varsigma}^6 \square^{n4} \dagger^{\tau 4}$	yeu gi zi	Father OM
	$\Lambda_{\varsigma}^6 \square_{\cdot}^{\circ 5} \square^{n4} \dagger^{\tau 4}$	yeu jio gi zi	Father OM
45	$\Delta^{\circ 2} \dagger_{\cdot}^{\circ 2} \square^{n4} \dagger_{\cdot}^{-7}$	dlang zu gi za	The supreme spirit
	$\square^{n4} \supset^{\circ 4}$	gi myu	King [NA $\square^{\circ 2}$]
	$\square^{n4} \supset^{\circ 4} \square_{\cdot}^{-7}$	gi myu lao	Beijing
	$\square^{\tau 5} \square^{n4} \supset^{\circ 4}$	ndu gi myu	God
	$\supset^{\circ 2} \square^1 \Lambda_{\cdot}^{-7} \square^{n4} \supset^{\circ 4}$	mang zhyu ya gi myu	Paramount Nosu lord
50	$\square^{n4} \square_{\cdot}^{\circ 5}$	gi dru	Oak tree [NA $\square^{\circ 2}$]
	$\gamma^{-2} \square^{\circ 2} \square^{n4} \square_{\cdot}^{\circ 5}$	a lu gi dru	Acorn
	$\square^{n4} \dagger_{\cdot}^{-6}$	gi za	Mulberry tree [NA $\square^{\circ 2}$]
	$\square^{n4} \square^{\tau 2}$	gi chyu	Log of firewood [NA $\square_{\cdot}^{\circ 7}$]
	$\square^{n4} \square_{\cdot}^1$	gi ba	Musk deer [NA $\square_{\cdot}^{\circ 7}$]
55	$\square^{n4} \Delta^{n4}$	gi dli	Wild cat [NA $\square_{\cdot}^{\circ 7}$]
	$\square^{\tau 3} \square^{n4} \Delta^{n4}$	nao gi dli	Wild cat [NA $\square_{\cdot}^{\circ 7}$] OM
	$\square^{\tau 3} \square^{n4} \square_{\cdot}^{\circ 6}$	nao gi zhw	The name of some kind of bird. OM
	$\square^{n4} \square^{\tau 4}$	gi hle	Kind of small bird which makes a tapping sound and flies only short distances
	$\square^{n4} \square_{\cdot}^1 \square_{\cdot}^{\circ 4}$	gi ba nang	Bat [animal] [NA $\square_{\cdot}^{\circ 7}$]
60	$\square^{\tau 3} \square^{n4} \square_{\cdot}^{\circ 5}$	nao gi bang	Swallow [bird]. OM

	ᵛ⁴ ᵇ'¹	gi qie	Leech [NA ᵀᵁ⁴] [also pronounced ᵛ⁴ ᵇ'¹]
	ᵛ⁴ ᵇ⁴	gi hli	Gnat. Mosquito [NA ᵀᵁ⁴]
	ᵛ⁴ ᵇᵀ.ᵁ⁷	gi nzao	Ant [NA ᵀᵁ⁴] [also pronounced ᵛ'⁴ ᵇᵀ.ᵁ⁷]
	ᵛ⁴ ᵇᵀ.ᵁ⁷ ᵇ'ᵁ⁴	gi nzao peu	Anthill
65	ᵛ⁴ ᵇᵀ.ᵁ⁷ ᵇ.ᵁ⁵ ᵛ⁴ ᵀᵁ⁴	gi nzao jio gi dryu	Ant. OM
	ᵛ⁴ ᵇᵀ.ᵁ⁷ ᵛ⁴ ᵀᵁ⁴	gi nzao gi dryu	Ant. OM
	ᵛ⁴ ᵀ'⁻⁴	gi tra	Kind of radish
	ᵛ⁴ ᵇ⁻⁴	gi sha	Capsicum. Red pepper
	ᵁ² ᵇ⁴ ᵛ⁴ ᵇ⁻⁴	a jio gi sha	A bunch of capsicum
70	ᵁ⁻⁴ ᵛ⁴ ᵇ⁻⁴ ᵀ¹	a gi sha dreu	To rebuke. To reprimand. [Literally to administer some red pepper]
	ᵛ⁴ ᵁ⁻⁴	gi dla	Cloth. Clothes.[NA ᵁ⁻⁴] [also pronounced ᵇ¹ ᵁ⁻⁴]
	ᵛ⁴ ᵇ¹	gi zw	Small wooden cupboard
	ᵛ⁴ ᵇ¹	gi jia	Comb with four teeth for straightening yarn
	ᵛ⁴ ᵀ'⁻²	gi tra	Brush. Sweeping brush.[NA ᵀᵁ⁴]
75	ᵛ⁴ ᵇᵇ⁴	gi njiu	Wooden spoon about three inches in diameter
	ᵛ⁴ ᵀ.ᵁ⁵	gi drao	Stool. Form. Table. [NA ᵀ.ᵁ⁶]
	ᵀ.⁻² ᵛ⁴ ᵀ.ᵁ⁵	za gi drao	Chair. Small stool. [NA ᵀ.ᵁ⁶]
	ᵛ⁴ ᵀ'¹	gi ci	Swamp. Bog
	ᵁ¹ ᵛ⁴ ᵀ'¹	xieu gi ci	Large sea. Ocean
80	ᵛ⁴ ᵇᵀ¹	gi nzao	Shade. Shadow
	ᵁ² ᵛ⁴ ᵀ'ᵁ⁴	lu gi ce	The Autumn. Name given to cold, rainy weather in the fall of the year
	ᵁ.⁷ ᵇ¹ ᵛ⁴ ᵇᵁ⁴	bo ji gi npyu	Light penetrating through the thatch of a house
	ᵁ.⁷ ᵇᵇ'¹ ᵛ⁴ ᵇ.ᵁ⁶	bai nchang gi zha	Severe bleeding
	ᵛ⁴ ᵀ⁴	gi zie	To prepare. To make ready
85	ᵁ⁻⁴ ᵛ⁴ ᵀ¹	a gi drao	To bend down. To stoop
	ᵇ.ᵁ⁶ ᵛ⁴ ᵁ⁴	zhe gi dleu	To strip the husk from walnuts
	ᵛ⁴ ᵁ.⁻⁴	gi ba	Period of ten days
	ᵁ.⁷ ᵇ¹ ᵛ⁴ ᵁ² ᵛ⁴ ᵁ.⁷	bo ji gi ru gi ra	Twilight. Morning and evening

90	$\text{ㄅ}^{\text{n}4} \text{Y}^{-4} \text{ㄊ}^{\text{7}}$	gi a zyu	Gathering place OM
	$\text{ㄅ}^{\text{n}4} \text{J}^{\text{n}4}$	gi xiu	Quickly. OM
	$\text{ㄅ}^{\text{n}4} \text{V}^{\text{7}}$	gi ve	To desire greatly. To have a strong liking for. To be fond of.[Used of things and not persons]
	$\text{ㄅ}^{\text{n}4} \text{T}^{\text{'n}4}$	gi trao	To reprove gently
	$\text{ㄅ}^{\text{n}4} \text{T}^{\text{'n}4} \text{T}^{\text{>2}} \text{C}^{\text{>2}}$	gi trao dw nw	To reprove a person gently
	$\text{T}^{\text{'n}4} \text{ㄅ}^{\text{n}4} \text{T}^{\text{'n}4}$	di gi trao	Enfolding wings. OM
95	$\text{C}^{\text{'n}2} \text{ㄈ}^{\text{'2}} \text{ㄅ}^{\text{n}4} \text{T}^{\text{'n}4}$	nie ghai gi trao	Brooding hen. OM
	$\text{ㄅ}^{\text{n}4}$	gi	To transmit, as a disease. To emit, as heat from a hot iron
	$\text{ㄅ}^{\text{n}4} \text{J}^{\text{'s}4}$	gi peu	Describes illnesses which leave the patient immune from further attack
	$\text{ㄅ}^{\text{n}4} \text{ㄅ}^{\text{'o}6}$	gi go	To torment. To tease. To irritate OM
	$\text{ㄅ}^{\text{n}4} \text{Δ}^{\text{'s}2} \text{S}^{\text{'u}2}$	gi dlang su	Ceremony of calling the ancestral spirits to the sacrifice OM
100	$\text{T}^{\text{'u}2} \text{ㄅ}^{\text{n}4} \text{C}^{\text{'n}3}$	du gi nao	Hunter who pursues game
	$\text{C} \text{ㄅ}^{\text{'n}5} \text{ㄅ}^{\text{n}4} \text{C}^{\text{'>2}}$	ngao gi nw	Bride. Girl betrothed to be married OM
	$\text{ㄆ}^{\text{'6}} \text{Λ}^{\text{'n}6} \text{ㄅ}^{\text{n}4} \text{C} \text{ㄅ}^{\text{'s}6}$	hla yi gi nbw	Posterity OM
	$\text{ㄆ}^{\text{'o}2} \text{C} \text{T}^{\text{'u}7} \text{ㄅ}^{\text{n}4} \text{C} \text{T}^{\text{'s}6}$	hlo ndu gi ndyu	Growing up very well, of a child OM
	$\text{ㄅ}^{\text{n}4} \text{C} \text{T}^{\text{'s}6}$	gi ndyu	Strong. Fine. Lush, of growing crops
Tone 6			
105	$\text{ㄅ}^{\text{n}6}$	gi	Occasionally used in the songs as an alternative pronunciation of the connecting particle $\text{ㄅ}^{\text{'n}6}$ meaning "then" or "thus"
Tone 7			
	$\text{ㄅ}^{\text{n}7} \text{L}^{\text{'n}7}$	gi lao	Around. Surrounding. [Also pronounced $\text{ㄅ}^{\text{'n}7} \text{L}^{\text{'n}7}$]
	$\text{ㄅ}^{\text{n}7} \text{C}^{\text{'r}7}$	gi zhi	Kind of small bird having a reputation for fighting

ㄓ.ㄣ gi

Tone 4

ㄓ. ⁿ⁴	gi	Market. Market place [NA ㄌ ^{u2}] [Also pronounced ㄘ. ⁿ⁴]
ㄘ' ₃ ⁶ ㄓ. ⁿ⁴	chyu gi	To go to market. To attend market
ㄓ. ⁿ⁴ ㄘ' ₃ ⁶ ㄓ. ⁿ⁴	mao chyu gi	To go to attend market

Tone 6

ㄓ. ⁿ⁶	gi	To injure
5 ㄓ. ⁿ⁶ ㄊ ^{u2} ㄘ ^{u2}	gi dw nw	To injure a person, as by refusing to pay his wages
ㄗ ^{u2} ㄓ. ⁿ⁶ ㄘ ^{o1}	rao gi zho	Large stinging nettle
ㄓ. ⁿ⁶ ㄌ. ^{u5} ㄘ. ^{u5}	gi lao jiw	Convulsions and death of cattle caused by secretion of magical objects in the house or by the roadside
ㄓ. ⁿ⁶ ㄆ̄ ^{u1}	gi tla	Clearly. Plainly. [Also pronounced ㄘ. ⁿ⁶ ㄆ̄ ^{u1}]

Tone 7

ㄓ. ⁿ⁷	gi	You. Your. [Second person singular] [Also pronounced ㄘ. ^{u7} , ㄘ. ⁿ⁷ , ㄓ. ^{u7}]
10 ㄓ. ⁿ⁷ ㄓ. ^{nc2}	gi bie	Yours

ɔ̃. = gie

Tone 2

ɔ̃ⁿ² ɔ̃.⁼² ɔ̃ⁿ⁶ ɕɕ^{r6} bi gie bi nchi

Well and quickly

V_u⁶ ɔ̃ⁿ² ɔ̃.⁼² vai bi gie

To be busy here and there [Also pronounced V_u⁶ ɔ̃ⁿ²

1. ga

Tone 1

	$\bar{\Gamma}^1$	ga	Tobacco pipe [NA $\bar{\Gamma}^{u4}$]
	$\bar{\Gamma}^1 \bar{\Gamma}_u^6 \bar{\Gamma}_n^6 \wedge^{n2}$	ga gu hao yi	Pipe for smoking
	$\bar{\Gamma}^{\circ 1} \bar{\Gamma}^{n2} \bar{\Gamma}^1$	nco bi ga	To make a rattling sound, as the spool of a shuttle
	$\bar{\Gamma}\bar{\Gamma}_n^7 \bar{\Gamma}^1$	ndi ga	To fill a pipe
5	$\bar{\Gamma}^{u3} \bar{\Gamma}^{n2} \bar{\Gamma}_u^2 \bar{\Gamma}^1$	nao a lu ga	Name of some kind of bird [Also called $\bar{\Gamma}^{u3} \bar{\Gamma}^{n4} \bar{\Gamma}^{ns5}$]

Tone 2

	$\bar{\Gamma}^{-2}$	ga	Particle meaning "Not any", "None"
	$\bar{\Gamma}^{n2} \bar{\Gamma}^{s2} \bar{\Gamma}^{-2}$	i lw ga	Not a single person

Tone 4

	$\bar{\Gamma}^{-4}$	ga	Potion OM
	$\bar{\Gamma}^{-4} \bar{\Gamma}^{-4}$	ga ga	Liquid. Juice. Gravy
10	$\bar{\Gamma}^{-4} \bar{\Gamma}^{u2}$	ga rao	Cooked vegetables and the liquid in which they are served
	$\bar{\Gamma}^{u6} \bar{\Gamma}^{-4} \bar{\Gamma}^{u2}$	qiu ga rao	To replenish the bowls of vegetables while the meal is in progress
	$\bar{\Gamma}^{-4} \bar{\Gamma}^{n4} \bar{\Gamma}^{u2}$	ga hi ghao	Sour vegetable water
	$\bar{\Gamma}^{-4} \bar{\Gamma}_n^{u3}$	ga dao	Curds and liquid in the process of making bean curd
	$\bar{\Gamma}^{-4} \Delta_n^{n5}$	ga dli	Porridge
15	$\bar{\Gamma}^{-4} \bar{\Gamma}_n^{o6} \bar{\Gamma}\Delta_n^{n5}$	ga lo ndli	Rice porridge
	$\bar{\Gamma}^{-4} \bar{\Gamma}^{n4}$	ga mi	Milk
	$\bar{\Gamma}^{-4} \bar{\Gamma}^{u1}$	ga mu	Honey
	$\bar{\Gamma}^{-4} \bar{\Gamma}^{u1} \bar{\Gamma}\bar{\Gamma}_n^{s6}$	ga mu ndrang	Wild honey
	$\bar{\Gamma}^{-4} \bar{\Gamma}^{-2}$	ga ma	Tears
20	$\bar{\Gamma}^{-4} \bar{\Gamma}_n^{u6}$	ga cai	Lacquer
	$\bar{\Gamma}_n^{u4} \bar{\Gamma}^{-4} \bar{\Gamma}_n^{u6}$	yao ga cai	To lacquer
	$\bar{\Gamma}^{-4} \bar{\Gamma}^{-4} \bar{\Gamma}^{n4}$	zie ga mi	White secretion from the opium poppy head
	$\bar{\Gamma}^{o4} \bar{\Gamma}^{-4} \bar{\Gamma}^{n4}$	zo ga mi	To scrape the white secretion from the opium poppy head

	𐎧 ⁻⁴ 𐎧 ^{o4}	ga zo	Sediment, as mud in water
25	𐎧 ⁻⁴ 𐎧 ⁷	ga dryu	Spinning wheel

ㄅ ga

Tone 7

ㄅ⁷ ㄋ^{u2}

ga nu

Capable. Efficient

ㄏⁿ² ㄅ⁷

hi ga

Unable to do. Not daring to do

ㄅ⁷ ㄅ^{o7} ㄗ^{u4}

ga go zhao

See that you are satisfied. Expression
urging a guest to have a good meal

ㄅ⁷ ㄊ^{u6} ㄊ^{ne3}

ga du die

See that you do it properly

ㄍ, gai

Tone 1

	ㄍ ¹ ㄍ ⁷	gai gai	To grind, as the teeth
	'ㄘ ^{nc1} ㄊ ^{r4} ㄍ ¹	hnie zi gai	With teeth set
	ㄊ ^{o7} 'ㄘ ^{nc1} ㄊ ^{r4} ㄍ ¹	do hnie zi gai	To gnash the teeth
	ㄍ ¹	gai	To worry. To compel
5	ㄎ ⁿ² ㄏ ¹ ㄍ ¹ ㄍ ^{u1}	hi ya gai gu	Do not trouble me. Do not force me

Tone 2

ㄍ ^{o3} ㄍ ⁱ²	go gai	Kind of grass with bulbous roots
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Tone 7

ㄍ ⁿ¹ ㄍ ⁷	gi gai	To squeak, as bullock cart wheels
ㄍ ⁿ¹ ㄌ ⁿ⁴ ㄍ ⁷	gi li gai	To squeak, as bullock cart wheels
ㄍ ¹ ㄍ ⁷	gai gai	To grind, as the teeth

𐄣.𐄣 gai

Tone 2

𐄣² 𐄣.𐄣² 𐄣.⁻⁴

hi gai ba

It is not favourable. It is not propitious. It is not good, used of circumstances

𐄣¹⁴ 𐄣.𐄣² 𐄣⁻² 𐄣⁻⁴

nai gai a ma

Two light spots on a dog's face giving the appearance of a second pair of eyes

Tone 4

𐄣.¹⁴

gai

Kind of cherry tree [NA 𐄣³²]

ɟ̚⁵² l̚² ʌ⁴

gang li yi

One of the patterns of the Miao tribal costume OM

Tone 6

ɟ̚¹ ɟ̚⁶

gang gang

Maggots, Larva, Grub.

ɣ⁻² ɟ̚⁶

a gang

Split or crack in wood

1. go

Tone 1

$\overset{\circ}{\text{J}}^1$	go	Class of Nosu whose main occupation was making baskets from bamboo
$\text{J}^{\text{32}} \overset{\circ}{\text{J}}^1$	mang go	As above

Tone 2

$\text{J}^{\circ 2}$	go	To dig out. [Also pronounced $\text{CJ}^{\circ 2}$]
$\text{J}^{\circ 2} \text{Y}^{-2} \text{V}^{\text{22}}$	go a ve	To dig out a stone
5 $\text{J}^{\circ 2} \text{'C}^{\text{nc}1} \text{J}^{\circ 2} \text{C}^{\text{L}3}_6$	go hnie go nzhyu	To burn the bristles from a pig's carcass. To boil dry and burn
$\text{J}^{\circ 2} \text{CT}^{\text{'4}}$	go ndai	To get too hot when sitting beside the fire

Tone 4

$\text{J}^{\circ 4}$	go	Origin
$\text{Y}^{-4} \text{J}^{\circ 4}$	a go	Origin, as of a custom. Handle as of a knife. Capital [money]. Inheritance
$\text{J}^{\circ 4} \text{T}^{\text{'2}}$	go drao	Foot of a hill
10 $\text{J}^{\circ 4} \text{CT}^{\text{'4}}$	go ndao	Foot. Bole. Lower trunk of a tree
$\text{J}^{\circ 4} \text{Y}^{\text{'6}} \text{t}^{\text{'6}}$	go a za	Heathland. Bushes and undergrowth. Wild country. Said to be the dwelling place of unborn children
$\text{J}^{\circ 4} \text{Y}^{-2} \overset{\text{'}}{\text{Z}}^1$	go a rao	Wood. Forest. [NA $\text{L}^{\text{'2}}$]
$\text{C}^{\text{'5}} \text{J}^{\circ 4} \text{Y}^{\text{'6}} \text{t}^{\text{'6}}$	jie go a za	Wild animals
$\text{J}^{\circ 4} \text{Y}^{-4} \text{C}^{\text{'2}}$	go a jiang	Beginning. Origin
15 $\text{J}^{\circ 4} \text{T}^{-4} \text{C}^{\text{'2}}$	go gha jiang	Beginning. Origin. OM
$\text{J}^{\circ 4} \text{T}^{\text{'4}} \text{C}^{\text{'34}}$	go hi nzang	Burial ground
$\text{J}^{\circ 4} \text{CA}^{\text{'5}}$	go ndlao	Wood or forest. Undergrowth
$\text{J}^{\circ 4} \text{G}^{\text{'2}}$	go nggw	Tinder
$\text{J}^{\circ 4} \text{J}^{\text{'1}}$	go kho	Homeland. Original place
20 $\text{J}^{\circ 4} \text{J}^{\text{'4}} \text{S}^{\text{nc}2}$	go mi sie	Sacred tree
$\text{J}^{\circ 4} \text{Y}^{-4} \overset{\text{'}}{\text{Z}}^1$	go a rao	Forest
$\text{Y}^{-4} \text{J}^{\circ 4} \text{C}^{\text{nc}5}$	a go nie	Capital [Money]
$\text{Y}^{-4} \text{J}^{\circ 4} \text{CT}^{\text{'1}}$	a go ndeu	Primer [Book]
$\text{Y}^{-4} \text{J}^{\circ 4} \overset{\text{nc}}{\Delta}^1$	a go dlie	Handle of a spoon
25 $\text{Y}^{-4} \text{J}^{\circ 4} \text{L}^{-2} \text{V}^{\text{'6}}$	a go la vao	Handle of a plough
$\text{C}^{\text{'5}} \text{Y}^{-4} \text{C}^{\text{'2}} \text{Y}^{-4}$	ma a jiang a go	Having root and trunk. Used to describe things that are well established or well founded
$\text{J}^{\circ 4}$		

	ᵀ⁻⁴ ㄘ.ᵇ² ㄓᵒ⁴	gha jiang go	Original ancestor OM
	ᵐᵁ⁶ ᵀ⁻⁴ ㄓᵒ⁴	shu a go	To inherit. To receive an inheritance
	ㄘ.ᵇ² ᵀ⁻⁴ ㄓᵒ⁴	jiang a go	Origin. Lineage. Family roots
30	ᵐᵁ⁶ ᵀ⁻⁴ ㄓᵒ⁴	byu a go	Beginning
	ᵀ⁻⁴ ᵀ⁻⁴ ㄓᵒ⁴	a a go	Originally
	ㄘᵇ.⁻⁵ ㄘ.ᵇ⁴ ᵀ⁻⁴ ㄓᵒ⁴	nga qieu a go	Estates. Possessions
	ᵀ⁻⁴ ㄓᵒ⁴ 'ᵇᵇ² ᵐᵁ⁶	gha go hmao byu	Descendants OM
	ᵀ⁻⁴ ㄓᵒ⁴ 'ᵇᵇ² ᵐᵁ⁶	gha go hmao sao	Descendants OM
35	ᵀ⁻² ᵀ.ᵒ⁵ ᵀᵇ² ㄓᵒ⁴	a do di go	Mountain ranges OM
	ᵀ⁻⁴ ㄓᵒ⁴ ᵀᵇ²	a go ao	Water spring
	ᵀ⁻⁴ ㄓᵒ⁴ ᵀᵇ²	gha go ao	Water spring. Head waters of a river OM
	ᵀ.ᵇ⁴ ㄓᵒ⁴	di go	Iron tripod for supporting cooking pots over the fire
	ㄓᵒ⁴	go	Piece. Lump. [Also pronounced ᵇ⁴]
Tone 6			
40	ᵐᵁ⁶	go	To scratch. To pull up as a sleeve
	ᵐᵁ⁶ ᵀᵇ⁴ ᵐᵁ³	go di hlao	To scratch the leg
	ᵐᵁᵇ⁶ ᵐᵁ⁶	rie go	To cling on with the claws, as a cat
	ᵐᵁ⁶ ᵀ⁻⁴ ᵀ.ᵇ⁴ ㄘ.ᵇ⁴	go a di cho	To draw up or roll up the sleeves
	ㄘ.ᵇ⁴ ᵐᵁ⁶	cho go	Soldier's tunic OM
45	ᵐᵁ⁶ ᵐᵁ⁶	go go	Onomatopoeic expression representing the sound of thunder, etc.

ㄓ.ㄛ go

Tone 3

ㄓ.°³ ㄓ.°²

go gai

Kind of grass with bulbous roots

Tone 4

ㄓ.°⁴

go

The relationship between a person and his/her daughter-in-law's parents

ㄚ.°² ㄥ.°⁶ ㄓ.°⁴

a yeu go

Father of a person's daughter-in-law

ㄗ.°² ㄥ.°⁶ ㄓ.°⁴

zi yeu go

Father of a person's daughter-in-law

5 ㄚ.°² ㄓ.°⁵ ㄓ.°⁴

a bo go

Mother of a person's daughter-in-law

ㄘ.°¹² ㄓ.°⁴

chao go

The relationship between the parents of a married couple

ㄓ.°¹² ㄘ.°¹² ㄓ.°¹² ㄓ.°⁴

mao chao hmao go

Relatives by marriage

ㄗ.°² ㄘ.°¹² ㄗ.°² ㄓ.°⁴

du chao du go

Brothers-in-law

ㄚ.°⁴ ㄘ.°¹² ㄚ.°⁴ ㄓ.°⁴

a chao a go

To arrange a marriage. [N.B. ㄘ.°¹² refers to the bride's family, and ㄓ.°⁴ to the bridegroom's]

10 ㄘ.°¹² ㄌ.°⁴ ㄓ.°⁶ ㄘ.°¹²

chao li gu chao go li
gu go

Phrase meaning that the rights of the inlaws on both sides must be respected. Used to admonish the two parties in a family quarrel

ㄓ.°⁴ ㄌ.°⁴ ㄓ.°⁶ ㄓ.°⁶

ㄓ.°⁶ ㄓ.°⁴

byu go

To arrange a marriage. Parallel to ㄚ.°⁴ ㄘ.°¹²

ㄓ.°⁴ ㄘ.°¹² ㄓ.°⁴ ㄓ.°⁴

ba chao ba go

Unrelated as families

ㄗ.°⁴ ㄓ.°⁴

du go

To make payment for entertaining guests at a marriage. Parallel to ㄗ.°⁴ ㄘ.°¹²

ㄗ.°⁶ ㄓ.°⁴

za go

Marriage union

15 ㄘ.°¹ ㄓ.°⁴

ji go

Omens for a marriage

ㄤ.°² ㄘ.°² ㄘ.°¹² ㄗ.°⁶

dlang nw chao zao
go

Household articles. OM

ㄓ.°⁴

Tone 6

ㄓ.°⁴ ㄓ.°⁶

gi go

To torment. To tease. To irritate. OM

ㄘ.°² ㄘ.°⁶ ㄘ.°² ㄓ.°⁶

mang nzhi mang go

To tease, as children tease one another

Tone 7

ㄓ.°⁷ ㄓ.°⁷

go mo

Female cousin. [Also pronounced ㄘ.°⁷ ㄓ.°⁷]

20 ㄓ.°⁷ ㄤ.°⁴

go dleu

Walnut. OM

	𐄣 ¹ 𐄢.𐄣 ⁷	zi go	Tree, the fruit of which is used for making medicine
	𐄢.𐄣 ⁷ 𐄢 ¹ 𐄣 ⁴	go pao	Crust that forms in a cooking pot
	𐄢.𐄣 ⁷	go	To cause
	𐄢.𐄣 ⁷ 𐄣.𐄣 ⁶ 𐄣.𐄣 ⁴	go nyu mao	Make him go
25	𐄣 ^{𐄣4} 𐄢.𐄣 ⁷	zho go	To cause. To arrange so that
	𐄣 ⁻⁴ 𐄢.𐄣 ⁷	a go	To cause
	𐄣 ¹ 𐄢.𐄣 ⁷	cha go	To request to do. OM
	𐄣 ¹ S ^{𐄣4} 𐄢.𐄣 ⁷	cha sang go	In the hope that. With the expectation that. OM
	𐄣 ^{𐄣3} 𐄢.𐄣 ⁷ 𐄣.𐄣 ⁻⁵	zeu go dra	To stand firmly
30	𐄣 ⁻⁴ 𐄢.𐄣 ⁷ 𐄣.𐄣 ⁵	a go zeu	Keep on until you succeed
	𐄢.𐄣 ⁷ 𐄢.𐄣 ⁷ 𐄣 ^{𐄣4}	ga go zhao	See that you are satisfied. Expression urging a guest to have a good meal
	𐄣 ^{𐄣4} 𐄢.𐄣 ⁷ 𐄣.𐄣 ⁷	zho go dao	To slacken, as a rope or harness. To reduce, as a debt or a sentence

ㄅ gao

Tone 2

	ㄅ ⁻² ㄅ ^{"2}	sa gao	To whistle
	ㄅ ^{"2}	gao	Needle. Fish-hook. [NA ㄊ ⁷]
	ㄅ ^{"2} ㄅ ⁶ ㄅ ⁶ ㄅ ^{'04}	gao gu seu cho	Needle for sewing clothes
	ㄅ ^{'02} ㄅ ^{"2}	qio gao	To thread a needle
5	ㄅ ⁺ ⁻² ㄅ ^{"2}	nza gao	To make a fish-hook
	ㄱ ⁻² ㄅ ⁵ ㄅ ^{"2}	a nbe gao	Eye of a needle
	ㄅ ^{"2} ㄱ ⁴ ㄅ ⁵	gao shi nbai	Needle. OM
	ㄅ ^{"3} ㄅ ^{"2} ㄅ ⁴	nao gao gu	Cuckoo. OM
	ㄅ ^{"2} ㄅ ⁻²	gao sa	Bracken. OM
Tone 4			
10	ㄅ ^{"4}	gao	To scrape
	ㄅ ^{"4} ㄱ ^{"4} ㄅ ^{"4}	gao pao hlao	To scrape an iron pan after cooking
	ㄅ ^{"4} ㄅ ^{"4}	li gao	Deer. Roebuck [NA ㄊ ⁷]
	ㄅ ⁵ ㄅ ⁶ ㄅ ^{"4} ㄅ ^{"4}	nghai jia li gao	Deer. Roebuck. OM
	ㄅ ^{"4} ㄅ ^{"4} ㄅ ^{"4}	gao li hlao	Iron hoe. OM
Tone 6			
15	ㄅ ⁶	gao	Hat [NA ㄅ ²]
	ㄅ ^{"4} ㄅ ⁶	ndao gao	To wear a hat
	ㄅ ⁶ ㄅ ²	gao gu	Crown
	ㄅ ⁶ ㄅ ^{'1}	gao nca	Tassels attached to headgear
	ㄅ ⁶ ㄅ ¹	gao ndeu	Umbrella covered with oiled paper [NA ㄅ ²]
20	ㄅ ⁶ ㄅ ⁶ ㄱ ⁵ ㄱ ²	gao gu bang xie	Chaplet or garland of flowers
	ㄅ ⁶	gao	To hire
	ㄅ ⁶ ㄱ ² ㄱ ⁴ ㄱ ²	gao du a nu	To hire workmen

ㄅ. 高 gao

Tone 2

	ㄅ. ¹²	gao	Time. Occasion
	ㄅ ¹² ㄅ. ¹²	i gao	Once
	ㄅ ¹⁴ ㄅ. ¹²	a gao	Twice. Another time. Again
	ㄅ. ¹² ㄅ ¹	gao na	This time
5	ㄅ. ⁵ ㄅ. ¹² ㄅ ¹	de gao na	From this occasion on
	ㄅ ¹⁴ ㄅ. ¹²	ca gao	Every time
	ㄅ ¹² ㄅ ¹² ㄅ. ¹²	bi zhao gao	Several times. How many times?
	ㄅ ¹⁴ ㄅ. ¹²	li gao	Flint, for making fire [NA ㄅ ¹⁴]

Tone 3

	ㄅ ¹ ㄅ. ¹³	zhyu gao	Landlord's place, i.e. house, gardens, etc. [Also pronounced ㄅ. ¹⁷]
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Tone 4

10	ㄅ. ¹⁴	gao	Circle. Ring [NA ㄅ ¹²]
	ㄅ. ¹⁴ ㄅ. ¹⁴	gao dao	Copper bangle
	ㄅ. ¹⁴ ㄅ ¹⁴	gao fao	A form of elaborate head dress. When a young married woman gave birth to her first child she began to wear her hair coiled into a cone on the top of her head. It used to be the custom that, for a period after assuming the cone, she would wear a a tall, elaborate head dress to cover and hide the cone from evil spirits seeking to harm the child.

	ㄅ. ¹⁴	gao	Claw. Hook
	ㄅ. ¹⁴ ㄅ ¹⁴ ㄅ ¹⁴	gao li hlao	Iron hoe. OM
15	ㄅ ¹⁴ ㄅ ¹⁴ ㄅ. ¹⁴	gi ndo gao	Spur of a cock. OM
	ㄅ. ¹⁴ ㄅ ¹²	gao cha	Hook of a spinning wheel
	ㄅ. ¹⁴ ㄅ. ¹⁴	lie gao	Arch, as of a bridge
	ㄅ. ¹⁴ ㄅ ¹² ㄅ ¹³	gao ao lao	Reservoir. Pond

Tone 5

	ㄅ ¹⁴ ㄅ. ¹⁵	zi gao	Locust [NA ㄅ ¹⁴]
20	ㄅ ¹⁴ ㄅ. ¹⁵ ㄅ ¹⁴ ㄅ. ¹⁷	zi gao ci zi	Large locust [NA ㄅ. ¹⁷]
	ㄅ. ¹⁵	gao	To surround. To go around. To visit

25	ㄘ. 7 ㄓ. 5	na gao	To look after. To care for
	ㄓ. 5 ㄊ. 4	gao za	Place surrounded by cliffs
	ㄘㄌ. 6 ㄓ. 5 ㄊ. 5	ndro gao da	To come on all sides. OM
	ㄩ. 2 ㄓ. 5	i gao	A coil
	ㄓ. 5 ㄊ. 2	gao zyu	The whole. All around
	ㄩ. 2 ㄌ. 4 ㄓ. 5 ㄊ. 2	i hli gao zyu	The whole month
	ㄩ. 2 ㄐ. 6 ㄓ. 5 ㄊ. 2	i xiao gao zyu	The whole year
	ㄓ. 5 ㄘ. 5	gao zhu	Neighbourhood. Neighbouring
Tone 6			
30	ㄓ. 6	gao	Patch, of vegetables, flowers, etc.
	ㄩ. 2 ㄘㄌ. 3 ㄓ. 6	a ndu gao	Flat land at the bottom of a hollow
	ㄘㄌ. 6 ㄓ. 6	ndrang gao	Tract of land. OM
	ㄩ. 2 ㄓ. 6 ㄘ. 5	i gao nga	A set of buildings
	ㄩ. 2 ㄊ. 6 ㄓ. 6 ㄌ. 2 ㄘ. 2	i zi gao du niang	Several sons and their wives considered as a group
35	ㄓ. 6	gao	Easy. Quiet or docile, as an animal
	ㄌ. 6 ㄓ. 6	li gao	Easy. Easily
	ㄊ. 4 ㄓ. 6	zi gao	To make easy. To make possible. Useful
	ㄌ. 4 ㄌ. 6 ㄓ. 6	dao li gao	To get that which is not one's due
	ㄌ. 4 ㄓ. 6	sang gao	Good health. [Also pronounced ㄌ. 4 ㄘ. 6]
40	ㄓ. 4 ㄘ. 2 ㄓ. 4 ㄓ. 6	rao nyu rao gao	Prosperity and good fortune
	ㄘ. 4 ㄓ. 6 ㄓ. 4	nw gao rao	Well trained horse
	ㄘ. 1 ㄓ. 6	hnie gao	Front teeth
Tone 7			
45	ㄓ. 7	gao	Ten
	ㄘ. 5 ㄌ. 2 ㄓ. 7 ㄘ. 1	jia di gao zhang	All things. Everything. All kinds
	ㄩ. 7 ㄊ. 6 ㄓ. 7	vao zao gao	The official's residence.[Also pronounced ㄓ. 3]

𐄣^u gu

Tone 1

	𐄣 ^{u1}	gu	First in the list of nine generations. They are as follows, going back: - 1. 𐄣 ^{u1} gu 2. 𐄣 ^{u2} du 3. 𐄣 ⁿ⁵ yi 4. 𐄣 ⁿ⁶ di 5. 𐄣 ⁿ⁶ ji 6. 𐄣 ^{'1} hla 7. 𐄣 ⁿ³ yi 8. 𐄣 ^{'n4} ki 9. 𐄣 ^{u6} nbw
	𐄣 ^{u2}	du	Second in the list of nine generations. See 𐄣 ^{u1} for a complete list.
	𐄣 ⁿ⁵	yi	Third in the list of nine generations. See 𐄣 ^{u1} for a complete list.
	𐄣 ⁿ⁶	di	Fourth in the list of nine generations. See 𐄣 ^{u1} for a complete list.
	𐄣 ⁿ⁶	ji	Fifth in the list of nine generations. See 𐄣 ^{u1} for a complete list.
	𐄣 ^{'1}	hla	Sixth in the list of nine generations. See 𐄣 ^{u1} for a complete list.
	𐄣 ⁿ³	yi	Seventh in the list of nine generations. See 𐄣 ^{u1} for a complete list.
	𐄣 ^{'n4}	ki	Eighth in the list of nine generations. See 𐄣 ^{u1} for a complete list.
	𐄣 ^{u6}	nbw	Ninth in the list of nine generations. See 𐄣 ^{u1} for a complete list.

5	𐄣 ^{u1}	gu	Personal pronoun. I. Me. My
	𐄣 ^{u1} 𐄣 ⁿ³	gu bie	Mine
	𐄣 ^{u7} 𐄣 ^{u1}	nw gu	On my behalf

Tone 2

	𐄣 ^{u2}	gu	Gold
	𐄣 ⁿ⁴ 𐄣 ^{u2}	gha gu	Gold. OM
10	𐄣 ^{u2} 𐄣 ⁿ⁵ 𐄣 ^{u2} 𐄣 ^{'1}	gu nie du ci	Treasure
	𐄣 ⁿ⁶ 𐄣 ^{u2}	gao gu	Crown [NA 𐄣 ^{u2}]
	𐄣 ^{u2}	gu	Hot. To burn or scald
	𐄣 ⁿ⁴ 𐄣 ^{u2}	dao gu	To be burnt. To get burnt
	𐄣 ^{u2} 𐄣 ^{'1}	gu ntyu	To be hot, as water, but not scalding
15	𐄣 ^{'1} 𐄣 ^{u2}	chang gu	Sunburn

	$\text{ㄅ}^{\text{u}2} \text{ㄅ}^{\text{n}2} \text{ㄅ}^{\text{'u}2}$ $\text{ㄅ}^{\text{'u}4} \Delta^{\text{ɔ}2} \text{ㄅ}^{\text{u}2}$ $\text{ㄊ}^{\text{'u}4} \text{ㄚ}^{\text{-}4} \text{ㄥ}^{\text{u}1} \text{ㄅ}^{\text{u}2}$	gu bi chu shao dlang gu deu a yyu gu	Burning hot. OM To look after the spirit of heat. Annual sacrifice to propitiate the fire spirit The fire is very hot. [Phrase used by women]
20	$\text{ㄅ}^{\text{u}2}$ $\text{ㄅ}^{\text{u}5} \text{ㄅ}^{\text{u}2}$ $\text{ㄅ}^{\text{u}2} \text{ㄊ}^{\text{'u}4}$ $\text{ㄊ}^{\text{'u}4} \Delta^{\text{'u}2} \text{ㄅ}^{\text{u}2}$ $\text{ㄅ}^{\text{-}2} \text{ㄅ}^{\text{u}2} \text{ㄅ}^{\text{u}2} \text{ㄅ}^{\text{-}6}$ $\text{ㄊ}^{\text{n}2}$ $\text{ㄌ}^{\text{n}2} \text{ㄅ}^{\text{u}1} \text{ㄅ}^{\text{u}2} \text{ㄅ}^{\text{u}5}$ $\text{ㄅ}^{\text{u}5}$	gu niu gu gu zai drao dlao gu gha nie gu sha di li byu gu ndo ndu	Horn. Corner Cow horn. [NA $\text{ㄊ}^{\text{u}4}$ or $\text{ㄊ}^{\text{'u}6}$] Antler. [NA $\text{ㄊ}^{\text{u}4}$] With four corners. Four square. OM The great ox. OM The ox trained for ploughing
25	$\text{ㄅ}^{\text{u}2} \text{ㄅ}^{\text{u}6} \text{ㄅ}^{\text{n}4} \text{ㄅ}^{\text{'u}4}$	gu ji bi kang	Long curving horns
	$\text{ㄅ}^{\text{u}2} \text{ㄌ}^{\text{n}4} \text{ㄚ}^{\text{'u}6} \text{ㄅ}^{\text{'u}4}$	gu li veu nteu	Long curving horns. OM
	$\text{ㄅ}^{\text{-}4} \text{ㄅ}^{\text{u}2} \text{ㄅ}^{\text{u}5}$	gha sang gu niu	Cow horn for blowing
Tone 4			
30	$\text{ㄅ}^{\text{u}4}$ $\text{ㄅ}^{\text{-}4} \text{ㄊ}^{\text{n}4} \text{ㄅ}^{\text{u}4}$ $\text{ㄅ}^{\text{'u}2} \text{ㄅ}^{\text{'u}2} \text{ㄅ}^{\text{u}4}$ $\text{ㄅ}^{\text{u}4} \text{ㄊ}^{\text{u}7}$ $\text{ㄅ}^{\text{u}4} \text{ㄅ}^{\text{'u}2}$ $\text{ㄅ}^{\text{'u}3} \text{ㄅ}^{\text{'u}2} \text{ㄅ}^{\text{u}4}$	gu ba di gu qi ndlao gu gu dang gu cha nao gao gu	Empty Empty handed To sweep the leaves away Quite empty Absolutely empty Cuckoo. OM
Tone 6			
	$\text{ㄅ}^{\text{u}6}$	gu	Verb to be. Is. Are. Was. Were Used as a relative pronoun; Who. Whom. Which. That. The negative is $\text{ㄊ}^{\text{n}2} \text{ㄌ}^{\text{u}3}$
35	$\text{ㄊ}^{\text{'u}4} \text{ㄅ}^{\text{u}6}$ $\text{ㄚ}^{\text{u}1} \text{ㄅ}^{\text{u}6}$ $\text{ㄚ}^{\text{-}4} \text{ㄌ}^{\text{n}4} \text{ㄅ}^{\text{u}6}$	tao gu i gu a li gu	When Because. For Like. Similar to. Thus

ㄱ.ㄴ⁶ ㄷ⁶

ji gu

Moreover. That is. Further. OM

ㄱ.ㄴ⁶ ㄷ⁶ ---

i gu --- ji gu ---

As ---, so ---

ㄱ.ㄴ⁶ ㄷ⁶ ---

ꠘ.ꠣ gu

Tone 2

ꠘ.ꠣ²

gu

To eat away, as certain diseases gradually destroy parts of the body. To wear away. To wear down. To erode.

An alternative pronunciation for ꠘ.ꠣ⁷

Tone 7

ꠘ.ꠣ⁷

gu

To eat away, as certain diseases gradually destroy parts of the body. To wear away. To wear down. To erode.

An alternative pronunciation for ꠘ.ꠣ²

ꠘ² ꠘ.ꠣ⁷ ꠘ.ꠣ⁷

hlao gu leu

The hoe is worn down

ꠊꠤ gyu

Tone 1

ꠊ ¹	gyu	Brother. This is a much used alternative pronunciation of ꠊ ¹
'ꠊ ² ꠊ ⁶ ꠊ ² ꠊ ¹	hmao hla zi gyu	The young man. The young brother. OM

Tone 2

ꠊ ² ꠊ ⁴	gyu gyu	Cone of hair worn by married women
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Tone 4

ꠊ ⁴	gyu	To imprison. To shut in. Common variant pronunciation of ꠊ ⁴
5 ꠊ ² ꠊ ⁴	gyu gyu	Cone of hair worn by married women
ꠊ ⁴ ꠊ ⁴ ꠊ ⁵ ꠊ ⁶	gyu drao nga nba	To be shut up in prison

Tone 6

ꠊ ¹ ꠊ ⁶	li gyu	Craftsman. Artisan. Worker in iron, copper, wood, etc.
ꠊ ⁶ ꠊ ⁵	gyu ngo	To work in or with boats
ꠊ ⁴ ꠊ ¹ ꠊ ⁶	dao li gyu	Coppersmith
10 ꠊ ¹ ꠊ ⁵ ꠊ ² ꠊ ⁶	dli zeu hi gyu	"Craftsman-creature". Kind of human animal which features in certain songs. OM

ꠊꠤ gyu

All the following entries may be also pronounced ꠊꠤ

Tone 2

ꠊꠤꠤ ꠊꠤꠤ

a gyu

Gully. Watercourse. Gutter. Also pronounced

ꠊꠤꠤ ꠊꠤꠤ, ꠊꠤꠤ ꠊꠤꠤ or ꠊꠤꠤ ꠊꠤꠤ

Tone 5

ꠊꠤꠤ

gyu

To cross. Also pronounced ꠊꠤꠤ

ꠊꠤꠤ ꠊꠤꠤ

gyu ao

To cross a river. Also pronounced ꠊꠤꠤ ꠊꠤꠤ

ꠊꠤꠤ ꠊꠤꠤ

a gyu

Gully. Watercourse. Gutter. Also pronounced ꠊꠤꠤ ꠊꠤꠤ, ꠊꠤꠤ ꠊꠤꠤ or ꠊꠤꠤ ꠊꠤꠤ

Tone 7

5

ꠊꠤꠤ

gyu

To carry on a pole. Also pronounced ꠊꠤꠤ

ꠊꠤꠤ ꠊꠤꠤ

gyu ao

To carry water in buckets on either end of a pole. Also pronounced ꠊꠤꠤ ꠊꠤꠤ

ꠊꠤꠤ

gyu

Personal pronoun, 2nd person singular. You. Your. Also pronounced ꠊꠤꠤ, ꠊꠤꠤ or ꠊꠤꠤ

ge

Tone 1

	ㄘ ³ ㄓ ¹	nao ge	Parrot. [NA ㄊ ⁴]
	ㄓ ¹	ge	To control
	ㄓ ¹ ㄘ ⁵	ge zhyu	To govern. To rule. To exercise lordship over
	ㄏ ⁴ ㄓ ¹	hi ge	To make ready. In readiness
5	ㄓ ¹ ㄏ ⁴	ge ya	Never mind! It doesn't matter! Forget it! Equivalent to ㄓ ¹ ㄏ ⁷
	ㄓ ¹ ㄏ ⁷	ge dang	Never mind! It doesn't matter! Forget it! Equivalent to ㄓ ¹ ㄏ ⁴
	ㄘ ⁴ ㄓ ¹	zha ge	Only. Merely. Nothing more than
	ㄏ ² ㄘ ⁴ ㄓ ¹	hi ngha ge	Not to care. To make light of

Tone 2

	ㄓ ² ㄓ ²	ge ge	To meddle
10	ㄏ ² ㄓ ²	kha ge	Do not interfere
	ㄏ ² ㄓ ² ㄓ ² ㄏ ²	kha ge ge di	Don't be naughty! Common rebuke to children

Tone 4

	ㄓ ⁴ ㄏ ² ㄏ ⁷	ge di ghao	Bumps on the back of a person or animal caused by the bones of the spine
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Tone 6

	ㄓ ⁶	ge	To scratch. To scoop out. To pluck out
	ㄊ ⁷ ㄓ ⁶	zao ge	To carve, wood or stone
15	ㄓ ⁶ ㄏ ² ㄘ ² ㄘ ¹	ge a ma ndeu	To carve characters. To set type
	ㄓ ⁶ ㄏ ² ㄘ ² ㄘ ⁴	ge a ma sang	To gouge out the eyes

ㄅ ㄍ ge

Tone 4

ㄅˋ	ge	Wise. Rational
ㄅㄣˊ ㄅˋ	bao ge	Wise. Clever. [Used of people]
ㄅㄣˊ ㄊㄤˊ ㄅㄣˊ ㄅˋ	bao dang bao ge	Wise. Clever. Sensible
ㄘㄣˊ ㄅˋ	na ge	Kind of tree resembling an ash. Used in preparing medicine. Possibly rowan.

ㄱᆞᆫ geu

The following entries are also pronounced ㄴᆞᆫ .

Tone 6

Y ⁻⁴ ㄱᆞᆫ ⁶ L ^{u2} L. ⁿ⁶	a geu lu li	Toad. [NA T.u ⁷] Also pronounced Y ⁻⁴ ㄴᆞᆫ ⁶ L ^{u2} L. ⁿ⁶
Δ ^{ɕ2} ㅈ ⁻⁴ ㄱᆞᆫ ⁶	dlang gha geu	Toad. [NA T.u ⁷] Also pronounced Δ ^{ɕ2} ㅈ ⁻⁴ ㄴᆞᆫ ⁶
ㄱᆞᆫ ⁶	geu	To gnaw. Also pronounced ㄴᆞᆫ ⁶
ㅈ ^{'u4} ㄱᆞᆫ ⁶ ㅌ ^{ɕ4}	kao geu deu	Shoe rubs the foot. Also pronounced ㅈ ^{'u4} ㄴᆞᆫ ⁶ ㅌ ^{ɕ4}

ㄱ.ㄹ geu

Tone 3

ㄱ.ᄃ³ geu Kind of grass used for making sandals

Tone 6

Υ⁻² ㄷ⁻² ㄱ.ᄃ⁶ a ma geu Eyes closed. OM

ㅈ⁻² ㄷ⁻² ㄱ.ᄃ⁶ gha ma geu Eyes closed. OM

ㄷ^{ᄃ4} ㄹ^{ᄃ1} ㄷ^{ᄃ6} ㄱ.ᄃ⁶ jia hli mi geu Strong wind. Rushing wind. OM

- 5 ㅌ^{ᄃ2} ㄱ.ᄃ⁶ di geu End of the earth. OM
- ㄷㅌ^{ᄃ5} ㄱ.ᄃ⁶ ndu geu End of the sky. OM
- ㄷㅌ^{ᄃ5} ㄱ.ᄃ⁶ ndu geu The heavenly period. Used in parallel to ㅌ^{ᄃ2} ㄷ^{ᄃ5} earthly time. OM

The following entries are also pronounced ㄷ.ᄃᄃ⁷

Tone 7

ㄱ.ᄃ⁷ geu Basket. [NA ㄹ^{ᄃ2}] Also pronounced ㄷ.ᄃᄃ⁷

ㄹ^{ᄃ1} ㄱ.ᄃ⁷ la geu Carrying basket. [NA ㄹ^{ᄃ2}] Also pronounced ㄹ^{ᄃ1} ㄷ.ᄃᄃ⁷

- 10 ㄹ^{ᄃ1} ㄱ.ᄃ⁷ ㅈ^{ᄃ1} la geu sha Large carrying basket. [NA ㄹ^{ᄃ2}] Also pronounced ㄹ^{ᄃ1} ㄷ.ᄃᄃ⁷ ㅈ^{ᄃ1}

ㄱ.ᄃ⁷ geu To study. To read. To learn. Also pronounced ㄷ.ᄃᄃ⁷

ㄱ.ᄃ⁷ ㄷㅌ^{ᄃ1} geu ndeu To study. To read. Also pronounced ㄷ.ᄃᄃ⁷ ㄷㅌ^{ᄃ1}

ㅌ^{ᄃ2} ㄱ.ᄃ⁷ ㄷㅌ^{ᄃ1} du geu ndeu Scholar. Student. Also pronounced ㅌ^{ᄃ2} ㄷ.ᄃᄃ⁷ ㄷㅌ^{ᄃ1}

ᳵ.ᳵ gw

Tone 6

ᳵ.ᳵ⁶

gw

Short of stature

ᳵ¹ ᳵ¹ ᳵ¹ ᳵ.ᳵ⁶ ᳵ⁻²

za ni ai gw da die

This boy is very short indeed

ᳵ.ᳵ⁷

𐄎, gyu

Tone 4

𐄎¹⁴ 𐄎¹¹

gyu hniao

Unpleasant smell of burning, as of hair, feathers, etc. Used as a term of abuse, "stinking".

ㄓ' ㄣ ki

Tone 2

	ㄓ' ㄣ ² ㄌ ㄣ ²	ki li	Cross made of wood with pegs in the ends of the arms for winding yarn. In New Testament the Cross
	ㄌ ㄣ ⁶ ㄊ' ㄣ ² ㄓ' ㄣ ² ㄌ ㄣ ²	dri du ki li	To carry the cross
	ㄓ' ㄣ ² ㄌ ⁻⁴	ki hla	Nutty flavour. [Also pronounced ㄌ' ㄣ ² ㄌ ⁻⁴]
	ㄓ' ㄣ ² ㄊ' ㄣ ²	ki dw	Small mythical creature resembling a man. Gnome. Dwarf
5	ㄓ' ㄣ ² ㄊ' ㄣ ² ㄣ' ㄣ ²	ki zo ao	Water spirit which causes sickness
	ㄊ' ㄣ ² ㄓ' ㄣ ² ㄌ ㄣ ²	zao ki lao	Rite of imitative magic to ensure the fertility of family, crops or herds
	ㄓ' ㄣ ² ㄓ' ㄣ ² ㄌ ㄣ ²	gheu ki lao	To gather up the spirit of a child not born in his own home

Tone 4

	ㄓ' ㄣ ⁴	ki	Eighth in the list of nine generations. See under ㄓ' ㄣ ¹
	ㄓ' ㄣ ⁴ ㄌ ㄣ ⁴	ki dryu	To fall flat on the face
10	ㄓ' ㄣ ⁴ ㄌ ㄣ ⁴ ---	ki dryu --- ki cha	Face up --- face down. [Used of the fall of divination sticks]
	ㄓ' ㄣ ⁴ ㄌ' ㄣ ⁴		
	ㄓ' ㄣ ⁴ ㄌ ㄣ ² ㄌ' ㄣ ⁶	ki dryu ndro	To turn upside down upon
	ㄓ' ㄣ ⁴ ㄌ ㄣ ² ㄌ' ㄣ ⁴ ㄌ ㄣ ²	ki dryu drao bi di	To prostrate oneself on the ground
	ㄌ ㄣ ²		
	ㄓ' ㄣ ⁴ ㄌ ㄣ ⁷	ki la	Quickly
	ㄓ' ㄣ ⁴ ㄌ ㄣ ⁵ ㄓ' ㄣ ⁴ ㄌ ㄣ ⁷	ki lu ki la	Hurriedly. With great haste
15	ㄓ' ㄣ ⁴ ㄌ ㄣ ⁶	ki vw	To encircle
	ㄣ' ㄣ ² ㄓ' ㄣ ⁴ ㄌ ㄣ ⁶	i ki vw	To go right around, as a string around a parcel
	ㄌ ㄣ ⁴ ㄓ' ㄣ ⁴ ㄌ ㄣ ⁴	hli ki nw	Small animal that eats honey. [NA ㄌ ㄣ ⁷]
	ㄓ' ㄣ ⁴ ㄌ ㄣ ⁷	ki nzao	Ant. [NA ㄌ ㄣ ⁴] [Also pronounced ㄓ' ㄣ ⁴ ㄌ ㄣ ⁷]
	ㄓ' ㄣ ⁴ ㄌ ㄣ ⁷ ㄓ' ㄣ ⁴ ㄌ ㄣ ⁴	ki nzao ki dryu	Ant. OM
20	ㄓ' ㄣ ⁴ ㄌ ㄣ ²	ki ntrao	Puttees. OM
	ㄌ ㄣ ⁴ ㄓ' ㄣ ⁴ ㄌ ㄣ ⁴	shi ki zu	Old skirt. OM
	ㄓ' ㄣ ⁴ ㄌ ㄣ ⁴	ki beu	To entertain, as a guest. OM
	ㄌ ㄣ ⁶ ㄓ' ㄣ ⁴ ㄌ ㄣ ⁶	do ki yao	To sink down. OM

ɕʰn⁴ ʌ⁴

ki yie

Graceful, as clouds floating in the sky
or a boat sailing. Smartly, as of
soldiers. OM

Tone 6

25

ɕʰn⁶ L.v⁶

ki lu

Swallow or Martin. [NA T⁴]

ɕʰ³ L.nc⁵ ɕʰn⁶ L.v⁶

nao lie ki lu

Swallow. OM

ɕʰn⁶ T⁵² ɕ⁵²

ki dw nw

To apologise to a person

Tone 7

ɕʰn⁷ L.v⁷

ki lao

Around. Surrounding

30

ɕʰn⁷ L.v⁷ ɕ.v⁵

ki lao zhu

To surround. To encompass

ʂ¹ Yⁿ² ɕʰn⁷ L.v⁷ V.ʂ⁵ so i ki lao vang

To fence all around a garden

ɕ.v⁴ ɕ.n⁶ ɕʰn⁷

mao ji ki nzao ki
nzao

To walk unsteadily. To totter

ɕʰ.v⁷ ɕʰn⁷ ɕʰ.v⁷

ɕɕ.n⁷ Yⁿ² ɕʰn⁷ L.v⁷

nji i ki lao

To go right around. To go full circuit

ㄓ'ㄢ kie

Tone 2

ㄓ'ㄢ2

kie

Both. As well. [Also pronounced
ㄓ'ㄢ2]

ㄩˋ4 ㄙˊ4 ㄓ'ㄢ2

a sang kie

Both sides

ㄘㄘ'14 ㄓ'ㄢ2

nchai kie

For fear that. In case. Lest

ꞑ' = kie

Tone 1

†^{r4} ꞑ̄^{'1}

zi kie

Leech. [NA T^{u4}] [Also pronounced
†^{r4} ꞑ̄^{'1}]

ꞑⁿ⁴ ꞑ̄^{'1}

gi kie

Leech. [NA T^{u4}] [Also pronounced
ꞑⁿ⁴ ꞑ̄^{'1}]

ㄐ' ㄓ ka

Tone 1

ㄐ'₁ ㄐ'₇

ka ka

To rustle. The sound of wind in the leaves.

ㄐ'₇ ㄐ'₁

ka ka

To rustle. The sound of wind in the leaves

Tone 6

ㄐ'₆

ka

Entire. Total. To the end

ㄐ'₆ ㄘ.₅ ㄐ'₆ ㄓ₆

ka nao ka hao

To have eaten and drunk everything

5

ㄐ'₆ ㄐ'₂ ㄌ² ㄓ²

ka bi lu ghang

Right to the bottom

Tone 7

ㄐ'₁ ㄐ'₇

ka ka

To rustle. The sound of wind in the leaves.

𐄣'ꜛ kang

Tone 4

𐄣 ⁿ⁴ 𐄣 ^{'ꜛ4}	bi kang	Bent. Curved
𐄣𐄣 ^{ꜛ7} 𐄣 ⁿ⁴ 𐄣 ^{'ꜛ4} 𐄣 ⁿ⁴ 𐄣 ^{'ꜛ4}	ngang bi kang bi kang	To crawl, as a small child
𐄣 ^{u1} 𐄣 ⁿ⁴ 𐄣 ^{'ꜛ4}	kao bi kang	Bent and set rigid, as a deformed limb
𐄣 ^{u2} 𐄣 ^{.n6} 𐄣 ⁿ⁴ 𐄣 ^{'ꜛ4}	gu ji bi kang	Long curving horns

ㄐ'。 ko

Tone 1

ㄐ'₁ ㄐ'₄	ko ko	Firm. Firmly
ㄐ'₂ ㄐ'₇ ㄐ'₁ ㄐ'₄	khai go ko ko	To tie up firmly
ㄐ'₄ ㄐ'₂ ㄐ'₁	du ma ko	To pay taxes

Tone 2

ㄐ'₂	ko	Basin, bowl or cup. [NA L²]
5 ㄐ'₂ ㄐ'₂	ko ve	Bowl made of pottery. [NA L²]
ㄐ'₂ ㄐ'₂ ㄐ'₂	ba ko ve	To "throw" [i.e. to make on a potter's wheel] a bowl
ㄐ'₂ ㄐ'₄	ko ndao	Wooden bowl. [NA L²]
ㄐ'₂ ㄐ'₄	ko dao	Copper bowl. [NA L²]
ㄐ'₂ ㄐ'₁ ㄐ'₂ ㄐ'₆	ko hnie ko nzhyu	To burn black. To burn bristles off the carcass of a pig. To boil dry and burn, as a pot. To dry, as the skin of an animal

Tone 3

10 ㄐ'₃ ㄐ'₂	ko jia	Whether. [Also pronounced ㄐ'₁ ㄐ'₂]
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Tone 4

ㄐ'₄	ko	To put right. To put straight
ㄐ'₄ ㄐ'₄ ㄐ'₅	ko mo nzang	To cure sickness
ㄐ'₂ ㄐ'₄ ㄐ'₅	du ko nzang	Doctor [Medical]. Healer
ㄐ'₄ ㄐ'₅	ko zang	To make a bed
15 ㄐ'₄ ㄐ'₄	ko xie	To put on a belt or girdle. To gird oneself
ㄐ'₄ ㄐ'₁	ko xie	Death throe
ㄐ'₁ ㄐ'₄	ko ko	Firm. Firmly

Tone 6

ㄐ'₆ ㄐ'₆	ko ko	Sound made by dragging an object along the ground
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𐄣'𐄣𐄣 kao

Tone 1

𐄣'1	kao	To bend. Bent
𐄣'1 𐄣̄1	kao dla	To have a bent back
𐄣°4 𐄣°4 𐄣'1	mo mo kao	To suffer from paralysis
𐄣'1 𐄣'4 𐄣'ꠔ4	kao bi kang	Bent and rigid as a deformed limb

5	𐄣'1	kao	To reason with. To persuade. To coax. To rebuke
	𐄣'2 𐄣'1	kha kao	To preach. To exhort
	𐄣'1 𐄣'4	kao dao	Persuaded. Talked into
	𐄣'1 𐄣'4 𐄣'nc2	kao hi tie	To bring together. To make peace
	𐄣'4 𐄣'1	kao kao	Scheme. Method. Means. Way

Tone 2

10	𐄣'2 𐄣.6	kao bo	Thorn. [NA 𐄣'2]
	𐄣.6 𐄣'2	za kao	Scrub. Scrubland
	𐄣ꠔ2 𐄣'2	hlang kao	Braid woven with the "thorn" pattern
	𐄣'2 𐄣ꠔ2 𐄣'2	bi gang kao	Centipede. [NA 𐄣'4]
	𐄣'2 𐄣=2	kao die	Old skirt. OM
15	𐄣'2 𐄣'2 𐄣'2 𐄣r2	i kho kao si	Grass cape. OM
	𐄣'2 𐄣=2 𐄣'2 𐄣>4	kao die bi nggw	Ragged skirt. OM
	𐄣'2 𐄣ꠔ3	kao hngang	Bog. Marsh

Tone 3

𐄣'3 𐄣.7 𐄣.6	kao vao zao	To be appointed an official or a mandarin
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Tone 4

	𐄣'4	kao	Footwear. Boot. Shoe. Sandal. [NA for single shoes, etc. 𐄣'6, for pairs, 𐄣𐄣6, 𐄣𐄣6]
20	𐄣'4 𐄣'4	drao kao	To wear shoes
	𐄣nc2 𐄣'4	xie kao	To make straw sandals
	𐄣ꠔ2 𐄣'4	ghang kao	Sole of a shoe
	𐄣'4 𐄣'1 𐄣'4	kao hlyu deu	Leather boot into which the foot is slipped without needing to be laced or fastened

	𠂔 ^{'114} 𠂔 ⁶ 𠂔 ⁴	kao geu deu	Shoe rubs the foot
25	𠂔 ^{'114} 𠂔 ⁷	kao nzao	Ant. [NA 𠂔 ⁴]. OM
	𠂔 ^{'114} 𠂔 ⁷ 𠂔 ^{'114} 𠂔 ¹⁴	kao nzao kao dryu	Ant. OM
	𠂔 ^{'114} 𠂔 ⁷ 𠂔 ^{no5}	kao nzao jio kao	Ant. OM
	𠂔 ^{'114} 𠂔 ¹⁴	dryu	
	𠂔 ^{'114} 𠂔 ^{'1}	kao kao	Scheme. Method. Means. Way
	𠂔 ⁶ 𠂔 ^{'114} 𠂔 ^{'1}	ndao kao kao	To devise a plan
30	𠂔 ^{'114} 𠂔 ^{'114}	kao ngao	Military scheme or plan. Stratagem
	𠂔 ⁴ 𠂔 ^{'114} 𠂔 ^{'114}	zu kao ngao	To carry out a military exercise
	𠂔 ⁴ 𠂔 ^{'114}	mo kao	To be paralysed. Withering of a limb
	𠂔 ⁴ 𠂔 ⁴ 𠂔 ^{'114}	mo mo kao	Suffering from paralysis
Tone 6			
	𠂔 ^{'6} 𠂔 ^{'6}	kao kao	To itch
35	𠂔 ^{'6} 𠂔 ²	kao nu	To be industrious
	𠂔 ^{'6} 𠂔 ² 𠂔 ⁵	kao mo nzang	To be effective as medicine

ꯏꯪ ku

Tone 4

ꯏꯪ ^{'u4}	ku	To freeze
ꯏꯪ ^{'u4} Δ _u ⁶	ku dlao	Hoar frost
ꯏꯪ ^{'u4} C† _{nc} ^{'6} L _{nc} ⁶	ku ncie lie	Glistening frost. OM

ㄱ' ㄴ kyu

Tone 2

ㄱ' ㄴ²

kyu

To cage. To pen. To muzzle. [Also pronounced ㄱ' ㄴ²]

ㄱ' ㄴ² ㄱ' ㄴ²

kyu ghai

To cage chicken in a bamboo basket

Tone 6

ㄱ' ㄴ⁶ ㄱ' ㄴ⁶

kyu kyu

To probe. To poke. [Also pronounced ㄱ' ㄴ⁶ ㄱ' ㄴ⁶]

5

ㄱ' ㄴ⁶ ㄱ' ㄴ⁶

kyu ngyu

To nuzzle, as a pig

ㄱ' ㄴ⁶ ㄱ' ㄴ⁶

kyu dyu

To knock over. To push over

ㄱ' ㄴ⁶ ㄱ' ㄴ⁶ ㄱ' ㄴ⁶

kyu dw nw

To make a person ill through inhaling fumes

כ' ke

Tone 2

T. 112 J' 2

dao ke

Brown sugar.[Chinese sha tang]

Tone 4

כ'פ' כ'פ'

ke me

With intent to deceive. To dissemble.
To pretend. Pretence. In New
Testament hypocrisy

$$\Gamma^1 \quad \Gamma^4 \quad \Gamma^4$$

fai ke me

To be insincere. To be difficult. To be irritating. To be a nuisance

Tone 6

$$J_p^6 T^{n2} C^{n4}$$

ke di qi

To break fallow ground

$$5 \quad \mathbb{J}'^6 \mathbb{L}^{-4} \mathbb{J}^{n4} \mathbb{T}^{s4}$$

ke hla bi deu

To cut up leather into straps

ꯏ', kw

Tone 1

ꯏ',¹ ꯏ',⁶

kw dra

To request. To pray. To beseech

ꯏ',⁴ ꯏ',¹

mw kw

Elder of one or several villages

Tone 2

ꯏ',² ꯏ',²

kw nw

Quickly

Tone 4

ꯏ',² ꯏ',⁴

a kw

Squirrel. [NA ꯏ',⁴]

5

ꯏ',⁴

kw

To scrape

ꯏ',⁴ ꯏ',² ꯏ',⁴

kw ghang pao

To scrape out the bottom of a pot

Tone 7

ꯏ',² ꯏ',⁷

bi kw

Tobacco pouch [NA ꯏ',²]