

ESBMC 5.0

An Industrial-Strength C Model Checker

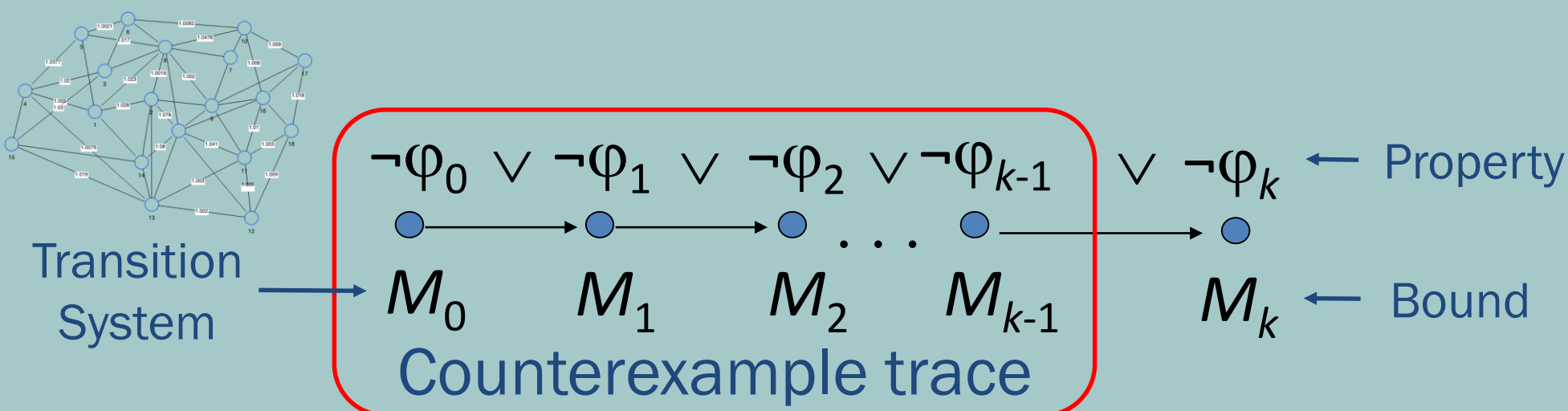
Mikhail R. Gadelha, Felipe R. Monteiro, Jeremy Morse,
Lucas Cordeiro, Bernd Fischer, Denis A. Nicole

University of Southampton, Federal University of Amazonas, University of Bristol,
University of Manchester, University of Stellenbosch

I. Motivation

“... proving a software system correct requires much more effort, knowledge, training, and ingenuity than writing the software in trial-and-error style.”

- E. M. Clarke et al., Handbook of Model Checking 2018.



Bounded model checking

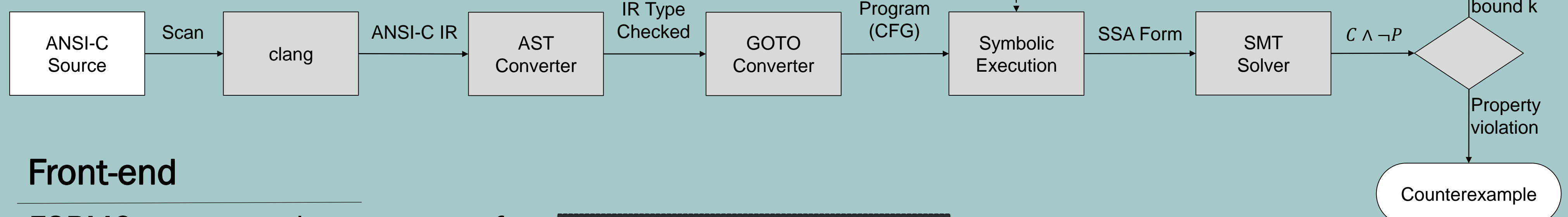
Translates the model into a VC ψ such that: ψ is satisfiable iff φ has counterexample of max. depth k

ESBMC is an open source, permissively licensed (apache 2), bounded model checker (BMC) for **C programs**. It is written primarily in portable C++ and, using Autotools, builds on multiple platforms.

The tool was developed for bounded model checking of both **sequential and concurrent programs** using a variety of **SMT solvers**, and has a proven track record of bug finding in real world applications.

II. Components & Features

ESBMC also implements a **k-induction algorithm** to provide proofs of correctness for some unbounded programs.



Front-end

ESBMC now uses clang, a state-of-the-art compiler suite for C/C++/ObjectiveC/ObjectiveC++ widely used in industry, as its front-end.

Control-Flow Graph Generator

It takes the program AST and transforms it into an equivalent GOTO program: a simplified representation that consists only of assignments, conditional and unconditional branches, assumes, and assertions.

Symbolic Execution Engine

ESBMC symbolically executes the GOTO program.

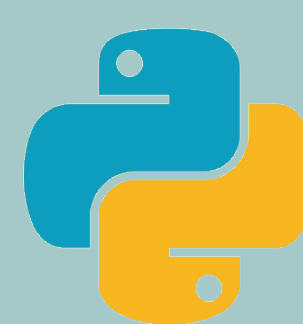
```
#include<math.h>
#include<assert.h>
int main() {
    unsigned int N = nondet_uint();
    double x = nondet_double();
    if(x <= 0 || isnan(x))
        return 0;
    unsigned int i = 0;
    /*i = nondet_uint();*/
    /*x = nondet_double();*/
    /*__ESBMC_assume(i < N);*/
    while(i < N) {
        x = (2*x);
        assert(x>0);
        ++i;
    }
    /*__ESBMC_assume(!(i < N));*/
    assert(x>0);
    return 0;
}
```

It unrolls loops k times, generates the SSA form of the unrolled program, and derives all the safety properties to be checked by the SMT solver.

SMT Back-end

ESBMC's SMT back-end supports five solvers: Boolector (default), Z3, MathSAT, CVC4 and Yices.

Python API



ESBMC now includes a **Python API** that reduces the difficulty of prototyping new features and makes the tool internals accessible to a wider audience.

k-Induction

$$kind(P, k) = \begin{cases} P \text{ contains a bug,} & \text{if } B(k) \text{ is SAT} \\ P \text{ is correct,} & \text{if } B(k) \wedge [F(k) \vee I(k)] \text{ is UNSAT} \\ kind(P, k + 1), & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

Floating-point Encoding

ESBMC encodes floating-point arithmetic using:

- **bitvectors**, which extends the floating-point arithmetic support to all solvers that are currently integrated.
- the **SMT theory of floating-points**, available only in Z3 and MathSAT.

III. SV-COMP 2018

The ESBMC's **k-induction version achieved a score of 5476 and third place overall.**

The k-induction algorithm reported 4301 correct results, with 92% of witnesses being correctly validated.

None of the wrong results were related to the k-induction algorithm.

IV. Future Work

We are extending the **k-induction algorithm** to reuse information from the inductive step, to make bug finding more efficient.



UNIVERSITY OF
Southampton

MANCHESTER
1824
The University of Manchester



University of
BRISTOL

